

TEMPLATE FOR COLLECTION OF BEST PRACTICES

Code of the good practices

Country	Progressive number	Value chain code
Italy		b)

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

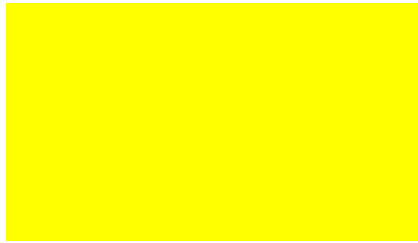
This template is a tool developed within the project Express: EXchange of Practices for Refugees and migrants' Self-entrepreneurship, an Erasmus + project, under Key Actions 2/Exchange of best practice. The aim of the project is to empower young migrants and refugees, creating and/or strengthening - where existing - supporting services for the development of self-enterprises by this target population.

The practices collected within the project will be shared with practitioners/organisations working with young refugees and migrants and will constitute the content of a Learning, Teaching and Training Activity to be delivered to partner organisations.

STEP REPRESENTED IN THE VALUE CHAIN FOR SELF-ENTREPRENEURSHIP

(please select 1 or more field in which the practice can be considered as representative. It is important to select the prior field, but others can be selected as secondary)

- A. **Competence assessment of young migrants/refugees**
- B. Training on self-entrepreneurship
- C. Mentoring scheme
- D. Informative campaign
- E. Networking activities
- F. Support to access financing/social financing
- G. Other: (specify) _____



GENERAL “TECHNICAL” INFORMATION

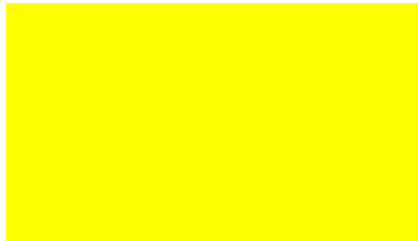
TITLE:	Prima le Persone
COUNTRY:	Italy
TYPE OF INITIATIVE:	<i>project/training</i>
ACTORS:	<i>Private – Associazione ADL a Zavidovici Onlus -Impresa Sociale , Cooperativa Sociale K- Pax Onlus , La Rete Società Cooperativa Sociale Onlus</i>
BUDGET:	30.821,84 in the year 2020. There is a surplus (circa 11.500) for the follow up of the project in 2021.
FINANCING SOURCE:	CROUDFUNDING with Banca Etica
DURATION:	Ongoing (2021)
DATE /YEAR:	2020-2021
GEOGRAPHICAL COVERAGE:	Local, province of Brescia
SDG COVERED:	1, 2, 3, 8, 10, 16
SOURCE:	http://www.k-pax.eu/ and Associazione ADL a Zavidovici Onlus - La Rete Società Cooperativa Sociale Onlus
MOTIVATION/SELECTION CRITERIA:	During 2018 the legislative framework for migrants in Italy has deeply changed, so in 2019 three ONG from the Province of Brescia decided to set up a non-governmental project for the sustenance of migrants. It seems an action against an incorrect action of the government.



“CONTENT” INFORMATION

ADDRESSED NEEDS (VALUE/MAIN GOAL):	By 2019 there was no more sustain from the government (SPRAR) for migrants, but the need of migrants didn't change. In Brescia and his province arrive a lot of people with need of help, maybe because Brescia is well known as an industrial city where it is (was) not too difficult to find a job. But without the government support, it is difficult (almost impossible) to help migrants.
TARGET POPULATION/BENEFICIARY:	Migrants / asylum seekers in the Province of Brescia.
LOCAL CONTEXT:	<p>The city of Brescia was one of the first travel destination for asylum seekers and migrants coming to Italy since the '90is mainly from North African countries. There were so many industries in Brescia that needed work force in any sector, so a win-win process started between Brescia and migrants. At the beginning of the third millennium, Brescia began to suffer from an industrial crisis in many sectors that worsened starting from 2008. The win-win process couldn't keep on in the same way, but in the same period was borning the SPRAR (Jul, 30th 2002) that gave an answer to the problem. Many social cooperatives had the possibility to make hospitality programs as we have seen for many years.</p> <p>In 2018 the “decreto Salvini” put a serious issue to the management of the SPRAR: first of all in halving the economic resources, and adding much more bureucracy to accomplish the acceptance procedures.</p>
SHORT DESCRIPTION OF THE PRACTICE/MODEL:	<p>The working group had to respond to specific requests primarily linked to situations of psychological distress and psychiatric suffering of some beneficiaries. More it had to respond to the request for basic necessities such as food and accommodation, thus having to invest in the provision of low-threshold services. In summary:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Board and lodging ● Health costs (one of the assisted migrant had tuberculosis) ● Legal assistance ● Help in drawing up a CV and to find a job ● Transports and social assistance (i.e. many of them didn't speak any Italian, so they needed help for shopping).
MONITORING PROCESS:	The working group found that without the help of governative resources the project can't continue or is able to assist only a limited number of asylum seekers. This was a challenge with a deep political significance, but as seen in the last 20 years, cooperatives, local PA and the government should cooperate for this problem.
IMPACT & RESULTS:	The assitance during the project was limited to 7 people with many different issues, from health to psychiatric problems, from food to job.
SUSTAINABILITY/VIABILITY	As explained in the previous section, the project can't continue or is able to assist only a very limited number of migrants without a sustainable legislative framework.
SUCCESS FACTORS:	The help of Banca Etica in setting up the croudfunding project.
NETWORKS/ACTORS SUPPORTING THE PRACTICE:	http://www.k-pax.eu/ , Associazione ADL a Zavidovici Onlus, La Rete Società Cooperativa Sociale Onlus
ASSOCIATED RISKS:	No legislation framework.

Notes for collectors:



1. Please, catalogue your practice in the file name as follows: Country acronym _ letter of the value chain represented _ nr. of the practice _ name of the practice. (e.g. SE_A_1_aaaa). This will support in the reporting phase.
2. Please indicate the working methodology used to collect the practice (e.g. interviews, web research, direct compiling of selected organisation, etc.)